Case 7:19-cv-00609-NKM-JCH Document 37 Filed 04/24/20 Page 1 of 26 Pageid#: 238 CLERKS OFFICE U.S. DIST. COURT AT ROANOKE, VA FILED APR 0 9 2020 United States District Court Western District of Virginia DUBLEY, CLERK Kaymond Case No. 7:19-cv-609 lutchins AMENDED COMPLAINT late, pro se, amending my Complaint to Dismiss March 30, 2020. #27381-001 BOX 305 24263 States of America is named as a defendant for purposes of injunctive relief

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IV. Statement of Facts 1. I filed a lawsuit against the United States under the Federal Tort Claims Act (FTCA) in December 2015 in regards to injuries I sustained while in the custody of the Federal Bureau of Prisons (FBOP). I later amended my complaint in my lawsuit on April 4,2018 and added a Bivens action against a prison official based on the same facts and circumstances of my FTCA claim. I was harassed and retaliated against by prison officials formy FTCA action, but I have experienced the most aggressive harassment and retaliation since the Bivens action was added. 2. I have experienced distinct identifiable clear direct and indirect acts and omissions at various times in various and and are added and the most aggressive harassment and indirect acts and omissions at various times in various and are added and the most against and are added and are add
way and from various prison officials in relation to and corresponding to my filing of litigation in court and prison grievances in retaliation and harassment against me for an ongoing amount of time. I receive "positive reenforcement" when I make gestures in litigation and grievances in favor of the United States and its agents. And, I receive harassing, retaliating acts and omissions when I make gestures in litigation or grievances untavorable to the United States and its agents. The acts and omissions complained of in this case are only a tew examples, and named defendants are not the only prison officials culpable, guilty or liable.
3. I have been in the custody of the FBOP since August 2010, and I have witnessed and experienced prison officials networking and conspiring to retaliate against and harass inmates in a particular prison, from one prison to another, and during transit from one prison to another. Through this networking and conspiring, a prison official who wishes to adversely affect a targeted inmate(s) will do so utilizing another prison official(s) and/or inmate(s). And, prison officials exploit incidents—major or minor—for the purpose of retaliation and harassment. This networking and conspiring was definitely at work in this case.
4. On October 22, 2018, Correctional Officer (%) B. Johnson filed an incident report against me in which he made false, harassing, retaliating racial, sexual, threatening allegations against me. To Johnson is Caucasian - American, and he utilized the word "nigger" in reference to me in his false allegations. To Johnson was familiar with who I am prior to and at the time he wrote the incident report against me. We were familiar with each other up to two years prior to him writing the incident report. He falsely accused me of making sexual acts and comments towards him and making threatening comments in regards to doing him physical harm. His incident report was written after service of process on the prison official in the Bivens action in my lawsuit and after his colleague initiated talse sexual allegations against me.
5. In incident report #3183663 on October 22, 2018, % Johnson reported the following: "On 10-22-18 at

with the state of
approximately 4:20 p.m., while working as K#1 Officer, I was conducting a standing hed book count in K-Unit when inmate Tate, Raymond #27381-001 made threats of bodily harm and sexual threats towards me, and interfered with my taking official count. Specifically, when I approached cell K01-310 an inmate, later identified as later was found lying in bed and covered with blankets. I instructed the inmate to get up and approach the cell window for a hed book count. The inmate then simply turned over and uncovered his head slightly. I informed the inmate this was unacceptable for count, and that he needed to stand and approach the cell door. When inmate Tate approached the door he blew a kiss at me, and said "Give me a kiss, mother tucker!" he then licked his lips, grabbed his crotch in a sexual manner, and said "Why don't you take a look at this, I'll show you a real nigaa, bitch ". He then said I was lucky these doors stay locked or he would get my ass."
6. I know prison staff here at USP Lees and I am known by prison staff here because I have been at this prison since June 29, 2016 and because of my litigation and grievances. As I have stated above. To Johnson and I were familiar with each other for about two years prior to October 22, 2018, and we had never had any problems or altercations. I know the personalities, expectations and routines of prison staff—including Johnson. Any other time, I would only be asked to show my tace, if that, during count—standing count, bed book or otherwise. On October 22, 2018 during 4 o'clock count, To Johnson just happened to be retaliatingly and provocatively by the book.
7. As a result of the incident report written against me by % Johnson, I was placed in the Special Housing Unit (SHU) at approximately 8:00 a.m. on October 23, 2018. I was served Johnson's incident report at that time. The % who served me the incident report told me, "keep your dick out of your hand. "And, another % who was with him asked me, "you like to gun on men?!" 2
8. On October 23, 2018, I informed Warden Breckon that % Johnson had made false racial, sexual, threatening allegations against me in the incident report in retaliation for my lawsuit. Breckon took no action to address the issue.
9. C/o Johnson's incident report was submitted to the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) for consideration of federal criminal prosecution against me based on his false allegations. The incident report was released for administrative processing on November 5, 2018 which allowed my prison disciplinary proceedings to begin. 3
10. On November 21, 2018, I had a hearing before the Discipline Hearing Officer (DHQ) in regards to
See attached below Exhibit A. Incident Report #3183663. Tam African-American. % Johnson is Caucasian-American. 2 % Hamilton served me with Incident Report #3183663. He has been promoted to Lieutenant since then. 3 See attached below Exhibit B. Incident Report #3183663, reserved on 11-5-18. See also attached below Exhibit C.; Discipline Hearing Report; at 2, Section V., Administrative Note.

Yo Johnson's incident report. Johnson had charged me with committing Prohibited Act Code 203-Threatening Another with Bodily Harm. 206-Making Sexual Proposals or Threats, and 321-Interfering with the Taking of Count. The DHO only found that I committed Code 321. Yet, I received an unreasonably stiff sanction of Loss of Commissary for 180 days.
11. After I saw the DHO, I informed Warden Breckon that the DHO did not find that I committed the false racial, sexual, threatening allegations % Johnson accused me of . Yet, Breckon took no corrective or disciplinary action.
12. During mystay in the SHU, I was deprived of my legal file/materials, I was deprived of access to the Administrative Remedy Program, and I was deprived of access to the law library and assistance from a person(s) trained in the law.
13. On October 24, 2018, SHU Property Officer S.W. White inventoried my property with me. All of my property was present except my legal file/materials. I told Mr. White that my legal file/materials were missing and that I needed them. He told me to talk to my counselor because sometimes inmates' property is not brought to the SHU all at once hut some property is sometimes brought later by the counselor. He told me that if my legal file/materials were brought later he would bring them to me and we would inventory them separate. I signed the Inmate Personal Property Record acknowledging that all of my property was present except my legal file/materials. The only thing I was allowed to keep out of my property was my Bible. Mr. White deliberately did not allow me to review my property form before, during or after I signed it. He held the form down with both hands on the flap of the trap door to the cell as I signed it. I signed in blind faith.
14. On October 29, 2018, I submitted a written request and a verbal request to Mr. White in regards to my legal file/materials inquiring if he had received my legal file/materials or if he had received any information regarding them. He told me that he had not, and again he told me to talk to my counselor.
15. On November 6, 2018, I submitted a verbal and written request to Warden Breckon seeking his help in locating my legal file/materials. He never responded. I told him I had pending cases in court.
16. Subsequently, I submitted a written request to SHU Lieutenant Bellamy requesting his help in locating my legal file/materials. He advised me to talk to my counselor, I told him that I had not seen my counselor, so he told me he would out my written request in my counselor's box. Later that same day, I "miraculously" had the opportunity to see my counselor—Dink Willis—for the first time and attempted to stop him to ask him about my legal file/materials. He did not stop but he told me in passing that he had "the paper."
4 See attached below Exhibit C; Discipline Hearing Officer Report; at 2, Sections V. and VI.
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17. Counselor Willis became my counselor around March 2017 and remained so until January 23, 2019. He was my counselor during my stay in the SHU from October 2018 to January 2019. He had direct knowledge of my lawsuit prior to and during my stay in the SHU. Significantly, he did not receive any knowledge or information from me in regards to putting him on notice that my lawsuit even existed. However, prison officials who are or used to be a part of my "Unit Team"—including Unit Manager Mullins, Case Manager Collins, Counselor Willis and unnamed others—all have direct knowledge of my lawsuit because they have either been directly or indirectly in contact and communication with Assistant United States Attorneys representing the defendants in my lawsuit. On June 7, 2017, Willis gave me a copy of what was then the operative First Amended Complaint in my lawsuit with a handwritten note at the hottom of the first page from him to me notifying me of the then apcoming deposition that was held at this prison on June 9, 2017 in regards to my lawsuit. He neither received the copy of the First Amended Complaint nor any
knowledge or intormation of the existence of the first Amended Complaint from me.
18. I am a persistent litigating inmate, and I have a history of utilizing the FBOP's Administrative Remedy Program. The adverse effects of me exercising those rights is that I draw the contempt, dislike, retaliation and harassment of prison officials. Counselor Willis has a history of retaliating against me and other inmates for utilizing the Administrative Remedy Program. Around June / July 2017, he told me, "a squeaky wheel doesn't get any oil it gets replaced." He said that in regards to prison grievances I had filed. He once disdainfully called me "a filer. "6
19. Counselors are primarily responsible for providing access to grievance forms and, in this case, my legal file/materials although the Warden is ultimately responsible. All requests I had in regards to grievance forms and my legal file/materials were always answered with the command to "talk to your counselor. "Secattached below Exhibit BB.
20. Counselor Willis never made himself available to me while I was in the SHU except the one time I saw him in passing. My legal file/materials were never brought to me or to the SHU. I had to file for a stay of the proceedings in my lawsuit on two separate occassions which the court granted both times on the grounds that I had no access to my legal file or the law library. I filed for the stays because the Magistrate had filed his Report and Recommendation on December 11, 2018, and the prison official—defendant in my Bivens action filed a Motion to Dismiss on December 4, 2018, however, I could not respond to those filings because I was deliberately deprived of my legal file/materials and access to the law library or assistance from person(s) trained in the law. My case was stayed 129 days. 7
21. And due to Willis not making himself available to me while I was in the SHU, I had no access to the
5 See attached below Exhibit D, first page of First Amended Complaint, displaying Willis's handwritten note to me. 6 See attached below Exhibit E, Grievance, dated July 3, 2017. See also attached below Exhibit F, Grievance, dated June 1, 2017. 7 See attached below Exhibit G, Court Order, dated December 7, 2018. See attached below Exhibit H, Court Order, dated January 2, 2019. See attached below Exhibit I, Court Order, dated March 1, 2019.

Administrative Remedy Prop	aram because appropriate grievano	ce forms are provided t	o inmates only by their assigne	3d
counselors, and completed arie	vance forms must be submitte	d to assigned counsele	ers for processing. 8	

- 22. I have heard Warden Breekon often brag that his Special Housing Unit (SHU) is the worst SHU that apybody will ever be in. I bear witness that as far as my experience he was correct. Other inmates have acknowledged that as well. It was the third SHU that I have been in and it was by far the worst. SHU statt daily harassed and retaliated against immates rather than reasonably ensuring we had minimal necessities to protect our health and safety. They were the epitome of unprofessionalism. They would physically heat and abuse immates. Inmates were heaten or abused for hours—every hour on the hour—in some cases for days. The most severe of the heatings and abuse would occur on the evening and dight shifts. Inmates would be put in four point restraints and beaten and abused while restrained. Beatings and abuse consists of knecing inmates in their rib cages, punching them in the face, grabbing and squeezing testicles and other pressure points, and twisting limbs. I have witnessed injuries sustained by inmates due to being heaten and abused by SHU staff such as broken arm, speech impediment, front teeth knocked out, body bruises, contorted limbs, etc. The sereams, yells, grunting and groans of inmotes could be heard throughout the SHU as they loudly called for help, pleaded for staff to stop beating and ahusing them and/or simply screamed, yelled or grunted in pain. It was repugnant to the soul. The SHU is a forture chamber.
- 23. While in the SHU, I overheard a conversation between Warden Breckon and the inmate who sustained the speech impediment. Breckon was telling him that he had talked to the inmate's sister who had called Breckon to inquire about the immate's health and well-being. Breckon told the inmate that his sister was talking as if the inmate was "a church hoy" and that she didn't know he "was a threat to the security of the prison" because he was "smuggling drugs."

 Breckon said that as if the physical beating and abuse of the inmate resulting in him sustaining a speech impediment was justified because of Breckon's allegation that the inmate was a threat to security because he was smuggling drugs.
- 24. SHU staff would incite and/or attempt to incite inmate-on-inmate violence. Inmates who are considered to be child-molesters (cho-mo), homosexuals (homo), and/or snitches will be physically assaulted by other inmates. SHU staff knows that and will call an inmate a cho-mo, homoser snitch, regardless of whether it is true or false, to incite inmate(s) to assault a targeted inmate(s). The prison inmate population here at USP Lee is political and racially segregated. Generally, Hispanic-American and African-American, Caucasian-American and African-American, and Caucasian-American and Hispanic-American among other groups cannot be cellmates. Yet, in the SHU, I have witnessed staff put these different races in the cell together to incite violence between inmates. A lot of times staff were successful at inciting the violence.

8 See attached below Exhibit J. Administrative Remedy Program #1330.18. Section 8(c)(1).

25. SHU staff verbally abuse inmates daily in harassment and retaliation. They verbally abuse muslim inmates by calling Muhammad a cho-mo. They callinmates snitch, cho-mo, bitch. They say shut the fuck up, son-ot-a-bitch, mother tucker, etc.	
26. Prison staff in general population routinely plant contraband such as knives on inmates and in their cells and falsify incident reports against them, like % Johnson did to me, to justify placing them in the SHU and for longer, unreasonable and unnecessary lengths of time. These tactics also subject inmates to transferral or possible transferral to another prison institution including the Special Management Unit (SMU) which is a more restrictive disciplinary institution.	,
This also escalates animosity and tension between inmates and towards prison staff in general. These conditions breed violence and drug usage. SHU staff plant contraband on inmates and falsity incident reports against them as well.	
27. Due to the harassment and retaliation against immates by SHU staff, degenerate conditions in the SHU and the SHU constantly being crowded because of inmates serving unreasonable and unnecessary stays in the SHU, as I did, there is high tension and unrest among and between inmates and SHU staff in particular and general population staff in general. As a result, inmates regularly assault each other and lash out at one another and SHU staff verbally. SHU staff responds with more unprofessional, unreasonable and unlawful harassment and retaliation against inmates. For example, I witnessed an inmate placed in a cell with no mattress all day. He made repeated requests and pleas for a mattress that were unanswered by SHU staff. The inmate then verbally lashed out at staff who then responded by spraying a mattress with mace and giving it to the inmate to sleep on all night. The inmate was coughing, sneezing and gagging all night and into the next day due to the mace.	
28. While I was in the SHU, I was locked in the cell 24 hours a day for three months. SHU staff did not favor taking inmates outdoors for recreation, so they would use tactics and excuses to cancel it and/or deny inmate(s) the opportunity to go to rec. Inmates wanting rec had to be awake, fully dressed, cell clean (resemblance of clean and order and standing at the door when SHU staff made early morning rounds at about 5 o'clock. SHU staff would sneak down the range holding their keys and turning their radios down to prevent alerting inmates to their presence. Even if an inmate(s) passes those tests, rec may still be cancelled for the most unreasonable reasons such as an unclean cell that they do not provide adequate cleaning supplies for. They would say things like "it's cold outside," "it's raining," etc. to discourage inmates from wanting to go to rec. SHU staff sucreeds in their efforts to discourage inmates from wanting rec because inmate(s) feel its not worth attempting to overcome all of the obstacles to go outside in the cold in a small caged area like a zoo animal for an hour. And, inmates who are not discouraged still don't make it a lot of times.	

29. SHU staff does not provide inmates adequate cleaning supplies to clean cells with. Towels, blankets, she and clothing are torn by inmates to make cleaning rags, but they are punished if caught by staff. Inmates are not allowed to have any hygiene items purchased off of commissary. We had to use the small quantity of

government issued hygiene products for personal hygiene and attempt to clean the walls floor, shower, sink and toilet. We were rarely given clean laundry exchange. We had to attempt to "wash "laundry in the sink with the limited amount of government issued hygiene products. I had the same torn dirty sheets and blanket, towel and wash cloth, and socks and boxer briets the entire three months I was in the SHU. The majority of the three months I slept on a piece of cotton that was about an inch thick and half the length of my body. The upper half of my body was on the cotton, and the lower half of my body from the waist down was on the metal bunk. The are no pillows available in the SHU. And, there is a huge fan that is set by the door to the outside rec cage which is on all pillows available in the SHU. The was too cold to sleep		
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right blaving gold - helpy freezing during gold ragge - winter gir throughout the Still It was too gold to sleep		
might blowing bold - below the celling antitle cold shape. Will be all this ball the citotest was the cold to steep.	night blowing cold - below freezing during cold snaps - winter air throughout the SHU. It was too cold to sleep.	

- 30. The walls in the cells in the SHU had big blotches of black mold, fungus and mildew on them. The black mold and mildew was also on the floor where the wall connects to the floor. It was a result of steam from the shower condensing on the walls, especially around the cold window frame and sill, and running down to the floor over a long period of time. The black mold was never cleaned off of the floor, walls and window. The shower walls, floors and curtains had green mold, mildew and fungus on them as a result of not being cleaned for a long period of time. There was Hispanic, Caucasian and African-American hair on the floor, bunk, mattress, sink, to let and in the shower. Dirt and dust bunnies along with human hair covered the floor in the cell.
- 31. I saw a spre on an immate's leg in the SHU that he stated was "staph infection." It resembled the staphylococcus that I have seen on posters in prisons' medical department. Unsanitary conditions in the SHU posed an unreasonable substantial risk of serious harm from the spread of diseases like staph infestion and other diseases. Cell rotations were conducted about every 18 days. Inmates were regularly switched from cell to cell. Inmates were regularly coming and going being admitted to and released from the SHU. There is constant contact and potential spread of diseases between inmates.
- 32. Inmates in the SHU were only allowed about a four inch pencil made of flexible rubber-like material with no pencil sharpener. Filing any substantial amount of paperwork with it is impossible. This was my first experience in a SHU where an ink pen and a normal size wooden pencil were not allowed for purposes of writing, especially for legal work. It was unreasonable. The only reading material allowed was religious books such as a Bible or Quran. No radio or any other leisure activities were allowed.
- 33. Some inmates in the SHU were subjected to sleeping on metal bunks without a mattress because there were not enough to distribute to everyhody, or in some cases, due to SHU staff's harassment and retaliation.

34. Inmates in the SHU were not given normal size toilet paper. We were given napkins that were thin and
34. Inmates in the SHU were not given normal size toilet paper. We were given napkins that were thin and about 4 square inches. It was not conducive to a decent, reasonable wipe.
35. For three or four days after I was released from the SHU back to general population my owns bled as I
35. For three or four days after I was released from the SHU back to general population, my gums bled as I brushed and flossed my teeth. I brushed my teeth about four times a day when I was released from the SHU
to clean my teeth, gums and mouth thoroughly. The toothpaste I was using was blue and white, but when I spit it out, it was a rusty greenish red from the blood and filth in my mouth. My "toothbrush" in the SHU was the likes I have never seen. It was a small, plastic thing without a handle that fixes to the tip of the finger, and it has very small bristles. However, once brushing is attempted, the thing does not stay fixed to the finger when it gets wet. It was impossible to decently brush with it. It was unreasonable.
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and it has very small bristles. However, once brushing is attempted, the thing does not stay fixed to the
36. As I have already stated above, the Administrative Remedy Program was not made available to me while I
was in the SHU. However, I witnessed retaliation of SHU statt against inmates who were tiling grievances that was sufficient to give me nouse when contemplating filing a grievance. Theard % Ledford call an immate who had
filed a grievance a "fat hitch." On another occasion I heard to Ledford tell the same inmate, "Fuck you.
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36. As I have already stated above, the Administrative Remedy Program was not made available to me while I was in the SHU. However, I witnessed retaliation of SHU statt against inmates who were filing grievances that was sufficient to give me pause when contemplating filing a grievance. I heard % Ledford call an inmate who had filed a grievance a "fat hitch." On another occasion, I heard % Ledford tell the same inmate, "Fuck you Melvin. That's why your grievance was denied bitch! "I witnessed another officer repeatedly delay processing an inmate's paperwork that was needed before he could transfer because he filed a grievance against her. He remained in the SHU nine months before he was finally transferred. Filing or attempting to file grievances while in the SHU was not available.
while in the SHU was not available.
37. In contrast, in general population, I have access to television, radio and MP3 not available in the SHU. I have access
37. In contrast, in general population, I have access to television, radio and MP3 not available in the SHU. I have access to go outside for tresh air, recreation, basketball, handball, softball, walking, running, mixing and mingling with fellow inmates outdoors, etc. not available in the SHU. I access the leisure/law library to conduct legal research and prepare
Inmates outdoors, etc. not available in the 2114. I access the leisure/law library to conduct legal research and prepare legal documents, mix and mingle with fellow inmates and read a variety of books, magazines and newspapers not available
in the SHU. I have access to adequate cleaning supplies to clean my cell with. I have access to huy and retain in my
possession quality, and sufficient quantity of personal hygiene items not available in the SHU. I have access to laundry detergent and the laundry room to decently and reasonably wash my clothes, sheets and blankets not available
in the SHU. I have pillows, a full mattress and sufficient sheets and blankets, not available in the SHU. I can
walk outside in route to the dining hall to eat or retrieve meals and mix and mingle with tellow inmates rather than be fed my meals through the slot of a locked door as all of my meals are brought to me in the SHU. I can
mix and mingle with fellow inmates in the day room of the housing unit and play table top board games, card games,
etc. for about 12 hours a day during normal or modified operations rather being locked in the cell with one
cellmate for 24 hours a day with no such leisure activities. I can enjoy more privacy in my use of the toilet and shower that I did not have in the SHU.

38. The punishment I received for the incident that occurred on October 22, 2018, it was unreasonably excessive and arbitrary. The incident report was the first that I received and my placement in the SHU was the first since I have been here at USP Lee. I have been in the custody of the Federal Bureau of Prisons (FBOP)
since August 2010, yet I have never committed a Prohibited Act above a three hundred (300) series (moderate severity). And, that was my first ever placement in the SHU on a disciplinary matter. Yet, I was placed in the SHU for three months, I loss my commissary privilege for 6 months, I was deliberately deprived of my legal
materials, the law library and the Administrative Remedy Program; I was subjected to the consideration of federal criminal prosecution; I was told that was going to be transferred to another prison; I was harassed and retaliated against while I was in the SHU although. I was not causing any trouble; I was subjected to degenerate conditions in the SHU that violated my Eighth Amendment right; I was subjected to defamation.
of character based on false racial, sexual, threatening allegations. 39. I witnessed other inmates in the SHU for greater severity prohibited acts than mine such as assault, weapons, drugs, etc. These inmates would receive 14, 30 or 45 days in the SHU and/or maybe three months no commissary,
drugs, etc. These inmates would receive 14, 30 or 45 days in the SHU and/or maybe three months no commissary, of phone, email. MP3 player, etc. Most of them were multiple repeat offenders. I witnessed inmates come in and out of the SHU two, three or four times for these greater severity prohibited acts while I was in the SHU. I witnessed other inmates in the SHU with access to the law library and with possession of their legal materials.
40. The purpose of the false racial, sexual, threatening allegations in incident report #3183663 written by Johnson on October 22, 2018 was to justify my immediate placement in the SHU, a longer stay in the SHU, consideration of transferral to another prison and consideration of federal criminal prosecution. Without the false allegations, none of the above would have been justified and would not have occurred. Or, at least it should not have occurred without the false allegations.
41. On January 23, 2019, I was released from the SHU back to general population after having served 92 consecutive days in the SHU since October 23, 2018. I signed the same Inmate Personal Property Record I signed on October 24, 2018 acknowledging that I received all of my property that was present on October 24, 2018 minus my legal file/materials.
42. After I was released from the SHU, I filed a motion in court in my lawsuit complaining that prison officials were violating my First Amendment right of access to the court and that I still did not have my legal file/materials or access to the law library. In response to my motion, the court, on February 4, 2019, ordered the

United States to file and serve a status report indicating when I can expect to receive my legal file and once again be allowed to visit the law library.
to visit the law library. 9
43. When I was released from the SHU on January 23, 2019, the prison was on lockdown and did not resume normal operations until February 4, 2019. I was assigned to a different housing unit than the one I was assigned to prior to my placement in the SHU. With the new housing assignment came a new counselor and new ease manager. On February 5, 2019. I spoke with both my new counselor and my new case manager—Mr. Rodney Collins—together at the same time. The first words spoken were from my counselor: what's up with your lawsuit out there in California? "I asked them if they had received my property containing my legal materials or any information concerning them from my former counselor—Mr. Dink Willis—about which they feigned ignorance. However, my new counselor assured me that he would "check on it" for me. He then gave me a Regional Administrative Remedy Appeal form (BP-10 Egrievance). I requested.
Ht. On February 5, 2019. I filed the BP-10 as "Sensitive "pursuant to 28 cFR \$542.14(d)(1) and FBOP Program Statement #1330.18, Administrative Remedy Program, Section 8, subsection d. 1. I filed the BP-10 directly to the regional office to avoid retaliation at this prison as allowed by the grievance policy. In the BP-10, I complained of immates being physically beaten and abused and verbally abused, prison staff planting knives on inmates and falsifying incident reports against inmates, prison staff inciting and attempting to incide inmate-on-inmate violence, and other retaliating, harassing acts and omissions of prison staff. I also complained of 90 Johnson falsifying the incident report against me, me being denied access to the Administrative Remedy Program, my legal file/materials and the law library and assistance from a person(s) trained in the law, and Counselor Willis not making himself available to me while I was in the SHU. I complained of Warden Breckon and SHU Property Officer S.W. White not addressing my reguests regarding my legal file/materials while I was in the SHU. Finally, I raised the issue of a conspiracy against my rights.
45. The next day—February 6, 2019—Mr. Willis said that he "had some stuff" for me. He said give him about fifteen minutes to get it together to send it downstairs then I can go pick it up. I went at the appointed time to retrieve my legal file/materials from my Unit Manager Roger Mullins's office which is downstairs from Willis's office. I was met at Mr. Mullins's office door by a female case manager working in his office who gave me a cold stare and a frown. Mr. Mullins's demeanor was hostile towards me. I asked him
9 See attached below Exhibit K, Court Order, dated February 4, 2019. 10 See attached below Exhibit L, Grievance #969134-R1, dated February 5, 2019.

for a cart to carry my legal file/materials on because I had been in the SHU for three months without exercise so
my muscles were weak. He contemptuously replied that I was about to get a lesson in wellness. "A fellow
inmate offered to help me carry my legal file/materials back to my housing unit, but he was not allowed to. My
legal file/materials were extremely heavy consisting of my legal file-copies of documents filed in my lawsuita
other court cases, legal notes taken during legal research, drafted legal arguments, grievances, etc and legal
books a legal pads a etc. I struggled greatly to get back to my housing unit carrying the two laundry bags filled
to capacity with my legal file/materials three to four steps at a time for about 50-60 yards. Each bag was
about three feet high filled with books and paper.

46. When I inventoried my legal file/materials upon returning to my housing unit. I noticed that I was missing several items. Those items included but not limited to a mailing stamps, legal copy rards, legal notes taken during legal research regarding my lawsuit, legal arguments I had drafted in preparation of submittance to the court for filing in my pending lawsuit, select documents such as docket sheets and select pages out of documents that had already been filed in my pending lawsuit.

47. I neither received written notice or a hearing in regards to my legal file/material that were confiscated while I was in the SHU and returned to me on February 6, 2019 nor for items that were missing out of my legal file/materials when I inventoried them on February 6, 2019.

48. Mr. Mullins was one repeatedly telling me weekly that I was going to be transferred when I was in the SHU. Significantly, being transferred from the prison where the acts and omissions complained of on which my lawsuit is based originated is a part of my claim for damages in that case. And, just prior to me being released from the SHU, he told me, "they might let you back out." Who is "they?"

49. Mr. Mullins was my unit manager from June 29, 2016 up to about August 2019. He had direct knowledge of my lawsuit. He and I have had a conversation about it.

50. As unit manager, Mr. Mullins has supervisory authority over Mr. Dink Willis and Mr. Rodney Collins.

51. On February 11, 2019, the Assistant United States Attorney representing the defendants in my lawsuit filed a status report on hehalf of the United States and served it on me via U.S. Postal Service pursuant to the court's order. Allowing three days for mailing, I should have received it on February 14, 2019 or at least by February 15, 2019 which is the normal usual time frame that I have always received mail from that particular U.S. Attorney's office. However, I did not receive it until February 21, 2019. I did not receive it through normal inmate mail procedures. I received it hand-to-hand delivery from Case Manager Rodney Collins. The court's order gave

me 14 days to reply to the status report. The unreasonable delay in me receiving the status report deprived me of time to prepare my reply. Mr. Collins was directly involved in the status report as a declarant. His declaration was in opposition to my complaint to the court that his colleagus were violating my right of access to the court. Mr. Collins made statements in his declaration about the state of my affairs he had no knowledge of because I was not on his caseload, and I was neither his concern nor his responsibility during relevant times. Circumstantially, it is clear that he was allowing himself to be used as a pawn in the conspiracy against my rights. I The envelope the Status Report was mailed to me in is post dated "TUE 12 FEB 2019."
52. On February 21, 2019. I filed an Informal Resolution (BP-8 Igrievance) complaining about Mr. Collins's interference with my correspondence with the court and the U.S. Attorney's office. And I complained about prison officials here at USP Lee deliberately and unreasonably interfering with my right to access the court and the conspiracy against my rights. I did not receive a response to my BP-8 from prison staff.
53. On March 1, 2019, the court lifted the stays in my lawsuit. My case was stayed 129 days. 13
54. On March 12, 2019, I filed a Request for Administrative Remedy (BP-9 Egrievance) because I did not receive a response to my BP-8 filed on February 21, 2019. I submitted a copy of the February 21, 2019 BP-8 as an attachment to the BP-9. 14
55. On March 14, 2019, I submitted mail to prison officials, first class postage prepaid, to be sent to Regional Director, Federal Bureau of Prisons, Mid-Atlantic Regional Office, 302 Sentine Drive, Suite 200, Annapolis Junction, Maryland 20701. The mail contained a letter notifying the Regional Director of the February 21, 2019 BP-8 and the March 12, 2019 BP-9 and continuing issues related to issues raised in the February 5, 2019 "Sensitive" BP-10. I did not receive a response to that letter from the Regional Director. 15
56. On April 4,2019, Warden Breckon responded to my March 12,2019 BP-9 a day after the April 3,2019 deadline his response was due. Besides being untimely and technically being considered a nonresponse because of the untimeliness of the response, his response misconstrued my claim, did not address all issues raised (including the conspiracy against my rights), and acquiesced in the mishandling of my mail and the interference with my correspondence with the U.S. Afterney's office, along with not thoroughly investigating my claim. He misconstrued my claim by stating that I
"See attached below Exhibit M. Status Report. See also attached below Exhibit N. Mailing Envelope of Status Report. 12 See attached below Exhibit O. Informal Resolution (Grievance), dated February 21, 2019. 13 See attached below Exhibit I. Court Order, dated March 1, 2019. 14 See attached below Exhibit P. Grievance #971055-F1, dated March 12, 2019. 15 See attached below Exhibit Q. Letter to Regional Director, dated March 14, 2019.
1 1

claimed that the United States District Court, Central District of California filed the status report on February 11, 2019.
But my claim was clearly that the status report was ordered by the Court to be filed by the United States on or
before February 11, 2019 and that the return address on the face of the envelope that I received the status
report in shows that it was sent to me from the United States Department of Justice, United States Afterney.
The United States is represented by the United States Attorney's office in my lawsuit. And all documents filed
on behalf of the United States in my lawsuit have been sent to me by that office. And Breckon's response
states that mailroom staff contacted the Case Manager and informed the Case Manager there was a time sensitive
piece of mail requiring delivery after determining the envelope did not meet the requirements for Special Mail. Any
other time that my mail was sent to me trom the U.S. Attorney's office it would be sent to me from the
mailroom through normal general mail procedures. These procedures includes the mailroom sending a mailhag to
each housing unit with mail for inmates housed in those particular units. The mail is then passed out by
correctional officers (90s) working in those housing units—which does not include Case Managers—directly to
the inmates. Those are the normal procedures followed when mail is not considered "Legal/Special Mail." When
mail is considered "Legal/Special Mail" I would be called to the mailroom to personally sign for it. So, the
critical question to be answered is: What was so "special" about the mail that it could not be sent to me
directly as usual or that I did not have to go to the mailroom and sign for it as usual, yet it had to be sent to
my Case Manager - Rodney Collins - for him to hand-deliver it to me. ? And Breckon did not address my
claim about the conspiracy against my rights. He determined that my complaint was without merit and denied
me relief. My claims were not thoroughly investigated as required by FBOP Program Statement #1330.18, Administrative Remedy Program, Section 13(b). I was never interviewed. 16
Administrative Nemecy Trogram, Section 15(0). I was never interviewed.
57. On April 8, 2019, Regional Director D. J. Harmon responded to my February 5, 2019 "Sensitive" BP-10.
Harmon stated that staff misconduct is viewed very seriously. Harmon's response states that staff conduct is
governed by FBOP Program Statement # 3420.11, Standards of Employer Conduct, dated December 6, 2013. Harmon's
response stated that a review of my complaint had been conducted and appropriate action taken. Yet, issues I
complained of still continued such as harassment and retaliation against me from prison staff, prison staff physically
beating and abusing inmates, prison staff verbally abusing inmates, prison staff planting knives on inmates and
falsifying incident reports against inmates, and the conspiracy against my rights. And these issues have continued
to this day. The only issues Harmon's response expressly address are my allegations that immates are being physically
falsifying incident reports auginst inmates, and the conspiracy against my rights. And, these issues have continued to this day. The only issues Harmon's response expressly address are my allcontions that inmates are being physically and verbally abused by staff in retaliation and that staff plant knives on inmates and falsity incident reports in
order to justify transfers and longer housing in the SHU. None of my other claims were expressly addressed in
order to justify transfers and longer housing in the SHU. None of my other claims were expressly addressed in Harmon's response. See attached below Exhibit CC, Regional Director's Response to Grievance #969134-R1, dated 4-8-19.
/ /
16 See attached below Exhibit R, Warden's Response to Grievance #971055-F1, dated April 4, 2019.

58. On April 4and 9, 2019, I filed a Regional Administrative Remedy Appeal (BP-10 Egrievance) in appeal of Warden Breckon's nonresponse / response to my March 12, 2019 BP-9. I appealed Breckon's failure to thoroughly investigate my claims and his failure to address all of my claims such as the conspiracy against my rights.
59. On April 22, 2019, I filed a Central Office Administrative Remedy Appeal (BP-11 Igrievance) in appeal of Regional Director Harmon's response to my February 5, 2019 "Sensitive" BP-10. I appealed Harmon's failure to address all of the issues raised in my Sensitive Regional Administrative Remedy Appeal such as the conspiracy against my rights, and my access to the courts, etc. I appealed Harmon's failure to thoroughly investigate my appeal as was required by FBOP Program Statement #1330.18, Administrative Remedy Program, Section 13 (b). And I complained about issues that I complained about that were still occurring despite Harmon's allegation that appropriate action had been taken. The Central Office Appeal (BP-11) was the final step of the grievance process. 18
60. On April 30, 2019, Regional Director Harmon responded to my April 4 and 9, 2019 BP-10. Harmon's response alleged that Warden Breckon responded appropriately to my March 12, 2019 BP-9. Harmon denied my appeal.
61. On May 16, 2019, I filed a Central Office Administrative Remedy Appeal (BP-11 [grievance]) in appeal of Regional Director Harmon's response to my April 4 and 9, 2019 BP-10. I raised the issues that Harmon's response was an acquiescence in the Warden's lack of thoroughly investigating my request, refusal to address the conspiracy against my rights and erroneously stating that my mail piece was sent to me from the court rather than appropriately stating that it was sent to me from the U.S. Attorney's Office. I also raised the issue that Harmon's response was an acquiescence of prison officials violating my rights. 20
62. On June 14, 2019, Central Office responded to my May 16, 2019 BP-11. Central Office denied my appeal alleging that the Warden and Regional Director adequately addressed my concerns. 21
63. On June 25, 2019, Central Office responded to my April 22, 2019 BP-11. Central Office alleged that my allegation of staff misconduct was referred to the appropriate authority. Vet again issues I complained of continued. 22
17 See attached below Exhibit S. Grievance #971055-R1, dated April 4 and 9, 2019. 18 See attached below Exhibit T. Grievance #969134-A1A2, dated April 22, 2019. 19 See attached below Exhibit U. Regional Director's Response to Grievance #971055-R1, dated April 30, 2019. 20 See attached below Exhibit V. Grievance #971055-A1, dated May 16, 2019. 21 See attached below Exhibit W. Central Office Response to Grievance #969134 A1A2, dated June 14, 2019. 22 See attached below Exhibit X. Central Office Response to Grievance #969134 A1A2, dated June 25, 2019.
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1 was released from the StU on January 23, 2019, including but not limited to: Correctional Officer J. Woodard and his colleagues in the dining hall retaliated against me and harassed me because of my filing of the February 5, 2019 "Sensitive" BP-10. In February 2019, one of Woodard's colleagues asked me why I was writing everything up and told me to get out to here "While I was sitting at the dining hall table eating my food. On July 10, 2019, I experienced two incidents of harassment and retaliation: (1) Yo Woodard sent an inmate to me that day to tell me that I was making people anary towards me because I was writing everything up too much and that prison staff was planning and threatening to do me harm. The inmate that Woodard sent to me was working in the dining hall for Woodard at that time. And, (2) I found a hlack string about 3/2 feet long resembling a noose harging from the light fixture in my cell after prison staff working in my housing unit entered and exited my cell. Significantly, July 10, 2019 is the day I received the Central Office response to my April 22, 2019 BP-11.
65. From July 17, 2019 until July 22, 2019, the general population inmates at USP Lee went on a hunger strike in protest of degenerate conditions and mistreatment by prison officials at USP Lee.
and retaliating comments and gestures towards me in relation to my lawsuit, other court cases and prison grievances. Woodard and his colleagues make "positive and negative comments and gestures towards me in relation to my lawsuit—and prison grievances. When I file and/or make gestures in tavor of the United States and its agents, their response is "positive" towards me. When I file and/or make gestures not tayorable to the United States and its agents their response is negative, harassing and retaliating towards me. All of their acts and omissions are harassing and retaliating no matter whether they are meant to he so-called "positive reentorcement" or negative to deter. Woodard and his colleagues make these comments and gestures towards me when I am in the dining hall during meal times—breaktast, lunch and dinner. They are tamiliar with who I am because I used to work in the dining hall for Woodard from October 2016 until January 2017. Woodard and I had never had any personal problems or animosity towards each other.
67. Vo Woodard was the initiator of the talse sexual allegations against me. Prior to Yo B. Johnson filing the incident report against me on October 22, 2018 in which he made talse sexual allegations against meg Woodard
23 See a Hached below Exhibit X, Contral Office Response to Grievance #969134 A1A2, dated June 25, 2019.

told me that he was "going to tell them that "I "like to 'gun' on male staff." "Gunning "is prison terminology for male inmates exposing their penis to female prison staff usually while masturbating. Significantly, I have never performed such acts, and I have no reputation or history of doing so. And, during my custody in the Federal Bureau of Prisons (FBOP) since August 2010, I have never even heard of much less witnessed male inmate(s) "gunning" on male staff. However, male inmates "gun" on female staff regularly. Further, female staff who do not like, entertain or enjoy "gunning" will let it be known by, at the very least, writing an incident report against the inmate for violating a Prohibited Act Code—usually Prohibited Act Code 205. Engaging in a sexual act. It is significant that Mr. Woodard did not write such a report against me, and it I had performed such an act toward him, it would be "disturbing" that he did not. 68. Circumstances suggest that Woodard followed through and did what he told me he was going to do.
Subsequently, % Johnson wrote the talse sexual allegations against me in his October 22,2018 incident report.
And, while I was in the SHU from October 23, 2018 until January 23, 2019 SHU staff falsely accused me of liking to "aun on male staff." Particularly, % J. Doe . % J. Doe repeatedly told inmates in the SHU that I like to gun on male staff to shame me, incite inmate violence against me and "give him hell" in harassment and retaliation against me based on those false allegations. And on November 3, 2018 after I received the Process Receipt and Return forms (USM-285) in the mail from the United States Marshals Service notifying me that the prison official—defendant in the Bivens action had been served process in my lawsuit. I experienced harassment and retaliation from SHU staff. In particular, % Doe came to my cell door while he was distributing government issued hygiene, made sexual noises directed towards me and squirted my body wash on my cell floor as if it was ejaculated semen. As he left my door and proceeded down the range to distribute hygiene to other inmates. I made repeated requests for hygiene that were denied with his reply, "you got it." I was without hygiene for the entire week because of his antics. 24 69. When I worked in the dining hall for Woodard I tried to be a good worker for him. But, he and his colleagues in the dining hall began to make indirect retaliating, harassing comments and gestures towards me in regards to my pending lawsuit. They would use "buzz" words, e.f., Woodard's colleague in the dining hall confiscated my jacket one day while I was at work. He told me that I could not have it back until February of February was the buzz word referring to a settlement conference that was scheduled February 2017 in my lawsuit. It was around December 2016 when he confiscated my jacket. quit my job in the dining hall on January 13, 2017 due to the harassment and retaliation. 24 See attached below Exhibits Yand Z. Process Receipt and Return forms (USM-285), dated October 2,2018.

See also attached below Exhibit AA, Mailing Envelope for USM-285 forms, post dated October 30, 2018. The line to receive my food in the dining hall during meal times. His comments were "positive or negative depending on the nature of my litigation of my lawsuit. For example, his comments to me about telling "them" I like to "gun" on male staff happened during the time that I was persistently seeking to have service of process upon the prison official-defendant in my Bivens action through litigation of my lawsuit. Woodard made that comment to me very shortly after the last of my motions to compel service was filed on September 11, 2018. And when I filed litigation in court in my lawsuit discussing my efforts at settlement of my lawsuit on September 25, 2018. Woodard told me. "hey girl," I'm going to put a little extra food on your tray "as I was passing through the line to receive my food during dinner time in the dining hall very shortly after that litigation was filed. It is strange for a correctional officer to be referring to an adult, heterosexual male in prison as "hey girl," but that was his twisted way of being "positive" because he was offering me more food. At another time around August/September 2018 Woodard called me a bitch, and he told me he was going to send someone to "whip your ass." All of these kinds of comments were strange and offensive. They were strange and out of the ordinary for me coming from someone I tried to be a good worker for and with whom I had never had any personal problems or animosity with. They can only be understood in light of them being retaliation against me for my lawsuit.

72. The prison official-defendant in the Bivens actions in my lawsuit was served process on October 5, 2018.

73. I am seeking \$2,000,000 (two million dollars) in damages in my lawsuit for which the detendants have been harassing me and retaliating against me about. 25

74. Correctional Officer (%) M. Hamilton and I have been familiar with each other since I arrived at this prison on Incident report on October 23, 2018. Hamilton and I have been familiar with each other since I arrived at this prison on June 29, 2016. And, I used to work for him from about April/May 2018 until October 2018 when I was assigned to the SHU. He was a Compound Officer during that time. Hamilton is notorious for verbally abusing and harassing inmates including myself. As Compound Officer, Hamilton used to sit outside under the shed on the compound and verbally harass inmates as he monitored them during mainline as inmates passed by him in route to the dining hall for lunch. During one of these times, I overheard a conversation between Hamilton, who is Caucasian—American, and an African—American inmate on a day that chicken was being served for lunch. Hamilton told the inmate that "black people love chicken and watermelon." The inmate then responded "I'm just glad I'm not a racist cracker who likes to eat raw meat with blood in it." After 70 Woodard called me a bitch, Hamilton called me a bitch. Up until that times, Hamilton had never used that kind of language towards me. Also, in September 2018 after my motion to compel service of process on the prison official—defendant was tiled in my Bivens action on September 11, 2018, Hamilton called me a

25 My lawsuit has been pending since December 2015. It has survived initial screening, motions to dismiss and summary judgment stages of the proceedings. I am seeking leave to amend my complaint to request \$3,500,000 in damages.

"troublemaker." About a day or two prior to that, a retaliatory search had been conducted in my cell by prison
officials during which my property was left in disarray and scattered around the cell while my cellmates property was
untouched and still in order. Particularly my legal file/materials were left in disarray and scattered ground the cell.
I also personally witnessed Hamilton physically beating and abusing an inmate in the SHU while I was housed in the
SHUL I could hear the inmate orunting and arouning in agony and pain. Finally, around June / July 2018.
Hamilton told me he was going to "fuck your girlfriend" and that he "bet she's ugly. "Since he made those
comments to me. I have not received any more correspondence from my girl friend.

75. When % Hamilton used to work outside on the prison compound as the Compound Officer, I used to see him regularly—five days a week. But, since he has been promoted to Lieutenant, he has been working on post in the SHU since I was released from the SHU on January 23, 2019. Therefore, I have not had a lot of contact with him since I was released from the SHU. However, on October 25, 2019 when I had an encounter with Hamilton, he referred to me as "the fag in F Unit." F Unit is the housing unit that I have been housed in since I was released from the SHU. Other inmates were present when he made those comments to me. We were taking showers at the time.

76. Since I have been released from the SHU, it has been a steady, consistent rumor that Hamilton has been continuously active in beating and abusing inmates in the SHU.

77. I have continued to experience harassing and retaliating acts and omissions from various prison officials at various times and in various ways.

78. On December 27, 2019, as my cellmate, another inmate and I were returning from the dining hall in route to our assigned housing unit, we encountered Lieutenant Hamilton in passing as he walked in the opposite direction. He initiated conversation: "well ain't this a sad bunch here." And, to me in particular he said, "the tall dumb one who likes to file and cause trouble."

79. And, in interfering with my access to the courts, my Unit Team—which includes my case manager Rodney Collins—confiscates and holds in their possession my civil docket sheets in the case of my pending lawsuit. The only way that I can review the docket sheets is to request their permission to do so while they are present. However, I will have the opportunity to do so once in a week during normal prison operations. Normal operations are not "normal at this prison. This prison spends more time—about 85% to 90% of the time—on lockdown than normal operations. The civil docket sheet is the primary means for me to keep abreast of what is filed in the case in my lawsuit. I am litigating my lawsuit pro se. I am indigent, and I do not have access to the courts' electronic filing systems.

eo. On March 1, 2020 at appreximately 11:55 a.m., I exited the dining half during lunch and stood in a line or about 20-30 immates waiting to pass through the metal detector in the corrider in route to retrieve my coat in the corridor and return to my housing unit. Correctional Utilicers

S. Hutchins and ... Kobbins yere standing in the corridor monitoring the metal detector and pat searching immates who set off the metal detector as they passed through. When I passed through the metal detector it did not alert so I proceeded to walk down the corridor to retrieve my coat. Hutchins yelled, hey go back through. I turned around to see who he was talking to I saw that he was looking at me, so I said, who me? He responded, no the any behind you. No one was behind me. I tald hutchins that I did not set the metal detector off that I complied with his direct order and passed through the metal detector off that I complied with his direct order and passed through the metal detector of the did not see it was seen through the metal detector gain. I am I got nothing see it wasn't me. Robbins, then walked over and whisepered in his ear. He then said, see it wasn't me. Robbins then walked over and whisepered in his ear. He then said, see it wasn't me. To not see the metal detector gain. I am't get nothing but time. I can do this all day! I passed through the metal detector gain. I did not alert.

proceeded to walk away to retrieve my coat, tutchins then told me, come here. He ealled me a tome one at a time. I conclude them up and handed him one. It they plots, then yelled, I did not alert.

proceeded to walk away to retrieve my coat, tutchins then told me, come here. He ealled me a true not see the retrieve my soots. I was silently looking at his game tag, the then yelled, I did tell you looking, at my monte tag everybody knows me. I me tutchins then told me, a looking at Robins who was looking at my man tag, the search me as he was searching my boots. I was silently looking at his game to retrieve my coat. He stopped me and outside of his covert acts and omissions towards me in the conspiracy against my rights. And, I had never had any interaction with Hutchins. I recognize Futchins's and Robbins's actions in this incident to be a part of the continuing chain of events. I have experienced over the past several years in retaliation and harassment against me for tiling lawsuits and grievances. Robbins also has a history of planting contraband—including knives—on inmates to justify writing false incident reports against them and having them placed in the Special Housing Unit and/or being transferred. After Hutchins pat searched me, I walked away to go retrieve my coat. As I was walking away,

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Hutchins yelled out, "he was staring at my name tag with one of those come fuck me looks. I may have to write PREA!" As I was walking toward the door to exit the corridor after retrieving my coat Hutchins told me to "come here!" He told me, "give me your ID!" He held it up and read my name out loud. He kept my ID. As I exited the door an inmate behind me told Hutchins "give him his ID he didn't do nothing." He replied. I'm not giving his ID back I'm coming to search the unit and lock it down. "That is a tactic used by prison staff to try to turn inmates against each other and possibly cause inmate-on-inmate violence. Also, there has been animosity from prison staff towards my housing unit because inmates in my unit regularly tile grievances and complaints against prison staff.

This incident appeared to start as an innocent mistake on Hutchins's behalf. But he allowed his own bad judgment, Robbins's instigation and co-conspirators to influence him to deliberately exploit the incident to retaliate against me and harass me for filing grievances and lawsuits—particularly this case. Significantly, the Detendants in this case filed their first pleading (Doc. 26) in this case on February 27, 2020. Three days prior.

B1. Due to the Defendants' acts and omissions. I suffered injuries in the form of my first, Fifth and Eighth Amendment rights being violated; my access to the court and the litigation of my lawsuit was chilled and impeded for 129 days; my lawsuit was brought to the precipice of being bungled; I was deprived of my confiscated legal file/materials for over three months; my legal file/materials were confiscated and not returned to me; I was deprived of access to the Administrative Remedy Program; I was sexually and racially harassed and retaliated against; I was subjected to false sexual, racial, threatening allegations; I was subjected to character and damage to my reputation; I was harassed and retaliated against for filing grievances and lawsuits; I was subjected to referral to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for consideration of tederal criminal prosecution; I lost liberty and privileges for the 92 days. I was confined in the SHII; I was subjected to degenerate prison conditions that exposed me to an unreasonable, substantial risk of serious harm; I was subjected to consideration and threats of transferral; I was subjected to verbal abuse.

I declare under penalty of perjury that all facts in this First Amended Complaint are true and correct. Executed on 4-6-2020. Taymond Tate. See 28 USC \$1746.

VI. Claims for Relief
82. Each named defendant is liable for the violation of my First, Fifth and Eighth
Amendment rights and injuries I sustained as a result. 83. The acts and omissions of all named defendants was a conspiracy that violated my First, Fifth and Eighth Amendment rights. 84. I sustained injuries as a result of the defendants' violation of my First, Fifth and Eighth Amendment rights. 85. I was deprived of liberty and property without due process of law. I was subjected to cruel and unusual punishment. I was harassed and retaliated against for tiling lawsuits and grievances. I was denied access to the court. B6. I have sustained injuries over a long period of time, and I continue to sustain injuries due to all named defendants' acts and omissions that continue and continues to violate my First, Fifth and Eighth Amendment rights. VII. Requested Keliet.
Plaintiff requests that the Court grant the following relief: 87. Declare that each named defendant is liable for the violation of my First, Fifth and Eighth Amendment rights and injuries I sustained as a result. 88. Award Plaintiff compensatory damages: FN
a)\$500,000 (five hundred thousand dollars) against each defendant in their individual capacity
for injuries I sustained as a result of the violation of my Fifth Amendment rights,
b)\$500,000 (five hundred thousand dollars) against each defendant in their individual capacity
for injuries I sustained as a result of the violation of my Eighth Amendment rights,
c)\$500,000 (five hundred thousand dollars) against each defendant in their individual capacity
for injuries I sustained as a result of their conspiracy that violated my Fifth Amendment rights, and
d)\$500,000 (five hundred thousand dollars) against each defendant in their individual capacity
for injuries I sustained as a result of their conspiracy that violated my Eighth Amendment rights. FN Compensatory and punative damages are requested against each detendant except the United States of America. The United States is named as a detendant for purposes of injunctive relief only.

89. Award Plaintiff punitive damages:

a)\$1,000,000 (one million dollars) against each defendant in their individual capacity for viplating my Fifth Amendment rights,

b)\$1,000,000 (one million dollars) against each defendant in their individual capacity for violating my Eighth Amendment rights,

c)\$1,000,000 (one million dollars) against each defendant in their individual capacity for their conspiracy that violated my Eighth Amendment rights, and
d)\$1,000,000 (one million dollars) against each defendant in their individual capacity for their conspiracy that violated my Fifth Amendment rights.

All above punitive damages should be awarded to punish the defendants for their intentional, malicious, reprehensible conduct that displayed reckless, callous, deliberate indifference to my rights and deter them and others from committing the same or similar acts and omissions in the future. 90. Grant Injunctive Relief

Issue a preliminary and permanent injunction against each defendant in their official capacity to prohibit acts and omissions complained of and future acts and omissions that have the same effects of the acts and omissions complained of that violate my rights. See Doc. 3. VIII. Exhibit List

The following Exhibits are referenced in the Statement of Facts section (pages above and are attached to this Complaint below: Document
Incident Report #3183663
Incident Report #3183663 re-served
Discipline Hearing Officer Report
First Amended Complaint (first page)
Grievance dated July 3, 2017
Grievance dated June 1, 2017
Court Order dated December 7, 2018
Court Order dated January 2, 2019
Court Order dated March 1, 2019
Federal Bureau of Prisons Program Statement #1330.18, Section 8(c)(1) 24

L M	Grievance #969134-RI dated February 5,2019 Status Report filed February 11,2019 Mailing Envelope for Status Report postmark dated TUE 12 FEB 2019 Informal Resolution dated February 21,2019 Grievance #971055-FI dated March 12,2019
N ·	Mailing Envelope for Status Report postmark dated TUE 12 FEB 2019
0	Informal Resolution dated February 21, 2019
P	Grievance #971055-F1 dated March 12, 2019
Q	Letter to Regional Director dated March 14, 2019
R`	Letter to Regional Director dated March 14, 2019 Warden's Response to Grievance #971055-F1 dated April 4, 2019
S	Grievance #971055-RI dated April 4 and 9, 2019
·	Grievance #971055-RI dated April 4 and 9,2019 Grievance #969134-AIA2 dated April 22,2019 Regional Director's Response to Grievance #971055-RI dated April 30,2019 Grievance #971055-AI dated May 16,2019 Central Office Response to Grievance #971055-AI dated June 14, 2019 Central Office Response to Grievance #971055-AI dated June 25, 2019
Ц	Regional Director's Response to Grievance #971055-RI dated April 30,2019
	Grievance #971055-Al dated May 16, 2019
W	Central Office Response to Grievance #971055-Al dated June 14, 2019
X	Central Office Response to Grievance #969134-AIA2 dated June 25, 2019
<u> </u>	UD/VI-285 dated Uctober 2, 2018
	USM-285 dated October 2, 2018
AA	Mailing Envelope for USM-285 forms postmarked dated October 30, 2018
ВВ	Federal Bureau of Prisons Program Statement #1315.07 Inmate Legal Activities
CC	Mailing Envelope for USM-285 forms postmarked dated October 30, 2018 Federal Bureau of Prisons Program Statement #1315.07, Inmate Legal Activitie: Regional Director's Response to Grievance #969134-R1 dated April 8, 2019
	J

On April 6, 2020, this First Amended Complaint was delivered to prison officials, first class postage prepaid, as legal mail to be sent to the United States District Court, 210 Franklin Road, SW, Room 540, Roanoke, VA 24011 and AUSA Krista Consiglio Frith, P.O. Box 1709, Roanoke, VA 24008-1709. I declare under penalty of perjury the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on 4-6-2020. Abymand Take. See 28 USC \$1746.

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#27381-001 24263 United States District Court 210 Franklin Road, SW, Room Roanoke, VA 24011